

Copper/Copper Alloys

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
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Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Copper/Copper Alloys

Synonyms: Cu

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: No use is specified.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Distributor

ThyssenKrupp Materials NA, Inc.

22355 W. Eleven Mile Road

Southfield, Michigan 48034

TEL: 248-233-5713

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 248-233-5713

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling No labeling applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

This product is present in a massive form as an alloy. It does not present the same hazards when the individual components are in their powdered forms. The materials present in this product in their powdered forms present aquatic toxicity to the environment, pyrophoricity, flammability, self-heating capabilities, carcinogenicity, water reactivity, and acute toxicity. When processed or where dust is generated a combustible dust hazard may be present. Avoid generating dust, generating sparks, ignition sources, and take all precautions.

Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Under normal use and handling of the solid form of this material there are few health hazards. Cutting, welding, melting, grinding etc. of these materials will produce dust, fume or particulate containing the component elements of these materials. Exposure to the dust, fume or particulate of these materials may present significant health hazards. Exposure to dust or fume may cause irritation of the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Fine particulates dispersed in air may present an explosion hazard.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Copper	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	45 - 60, 60 - 99	Comb. Dust Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Zinc oxide	(CAS No) 1314-13-2	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 30, 30 - 40	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Nickel	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 30,	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 1, H372

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		30 - 33	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Lead	(CAS No) 7439-92-1	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 16	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 14	Comb. Dust Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Water-react. 2, H261
Tin	(CAS No) 7440-31-5	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 10, 10 - 14	Comb. Dust
Iron oxide	(CAS No) 1309-37-1	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5, 5 - 6	Not classified
Manganese	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5	Comb. Dust
Silicon	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 5	Comb. Dust
Thallium	(CAS No) 7440-28-0	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 4	Acute Tox. 2 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Muta. 1B, H340 Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 2, H373
Cobalt	(CAS No) 7440-48-4	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Resp. Sens. 1B, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Beryllium	(CAS No) 7440-41-7	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1, 1 - 2	Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 1, H372
Cadmium	(CAS No) 7440-43-9	< 0.1, 0.1 - 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Arsenic	(CAS No) 7440-38-2	< 0.1, 0.1 - 0.5	Acute Tox. 2 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 Carc. 1A, H350 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Sulfur dioxide	(CAS No) 7446-09-5	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Compressed gas, H280

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		0.3	Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Zirconium	(CAS No) 7440-67-7	< 0.1, 0.1 - 0.5	Flam. Sol. 1, H228

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

More than one of the ranges of concentration prescribed by Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary due to varying composition.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Keep at rest and in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye Contact: Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance. Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Welding, cutting, or processing this material may release dust or fumes that are hazardous.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic. Manganese: Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon: Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. May cause genetic defects. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Beryllium: Over time inhalation of dust and fumes from this product in certain individuals may cause Chronic Beryllium Disease. This causes allergic reactions in sensitized individuals in the lungs, possibly resulting in pulmonary fibrosis, and can even be fatal. Beryllium is a known carcinogen. Take appropriate precautions for workers exposure to Beryllium compounds, avoid breathing dust, and fumes from this product. Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Dry sand; Class D Extinguishing Agent (for metal powder fires).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: A non-combustible material, not considered flammable but will melt above 1470F (800C).

Explosion Hazard: In molten state: reacts violently with water (moisture).

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of tin. Oxides of nickel. Oxides of copper. Chromium oxides. Oxides of silicone and carbon. Oxides of lead. Oxides of aluminum. Cobalt oxide.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors from molten product.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. For particulates and dust: Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne during clean-up such as dry sweeping or using compressed air. Use HEPA vacuum or thoroughly wet with water to clean-up dust. Use PPE described in Section 8. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May generate flammable/explosive dusts or turnings when brushed, machined or ground. Use care during processing to minimize generation of dust. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Heating of product can release toxic or irritating fumes; ensure proper ventilation is employed, proper precautions are enforced, and applicable regulations are followed. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Water, humidity. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

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7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Copper (7440-50-8)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume) 1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (fume) 2 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (fume) 1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist) 0.1 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³ (dust, fume and mist)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume) 10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume) 15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	500 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)

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British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)

Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.015 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³

Lead (7439-92-1)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³

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USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	50 µg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.050 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.45 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.45 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (designated substances regulation)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.45 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.0 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (metal dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Tin (7440-31-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³

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New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³

Iron oxide (1309-37-1)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume) 15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	2500 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total particulate)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, dust and fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)

Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ 1 mg/m ³ (fume)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 0.1 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	500 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)

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Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (total dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	30 mppcf
Thallium (7440-28-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³

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Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.3 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (metal-dust and fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.3 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.06 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)

Beryllium (7440-41-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.00005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 µg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	5 µg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m ³)	0.0005 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.00005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.00005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.00005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.006 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.006 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.00005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.00015 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³

Cadmium (7440-43-9)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ (total dust) 0.002 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ 0.002 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (fume) 0.2 mg/m ³ (dust) 5 µg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	0.3 mg/m ³ (applies to any operations or sectors for which

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		the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect-fume) 0.6 mg/m ³ (applies to any operations or sectors for which the Cadmium standard is stayed or otherwise not in effect-dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	9 mg/m ³ (dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (dust)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.025 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.03 mg/m ³ (total)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ (total)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust)
Arsenic (7440-38-2)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m ³)	0.002 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (designated substances regulation)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ (designated substance regulation)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.03 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.5 mg/m ³
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Mexico	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Mexico	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm

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USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	2 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	100 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5.2 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5.2 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10.4 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5.2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	5 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5.2 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	2 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	13 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	5 ppm

Zirconium (7440-67-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	50 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³

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Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses. Dust formation: dust mask. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. With molten material wear thermally protective clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Metallic
Odor	: Odorless
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Evaporation Rate	: Not available
Melting Point	: 440 - 1215 °F (226.7 - 657.2 °C)
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available

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Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available
Specific Gravity	: 2.5 - 2.9
Solubility	: Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient: N-octanol/water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid creating or spreading dust. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** When molten: water. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Moisture. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Oxides of iron and carbon. Organic acid vapors. Oxides of lead. Chromium (VI) compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified.

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Teratogenicity: Not classified.

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an

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involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic. Manganese : Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon : Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. May cause genetic defects. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Beryllium: Over time inhalation of dust and fumes from this product in certain individuals may cause Chronic Beryllium Disease. This causes allergic reactions in sensitized individuals in the lungs, possibly resulting in pulmonary fibrosis, and can even be fatal. Beryllium is a known carcinogen. Take appropriate precautions for workers exposure to Beryllium compounds, avoid breathing dust, and fumes from this product. Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Lead (7439-92-1)	
ATE US (oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h
Tin (7440-31-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	700 mg/kg
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Thallium (7440-28-0)	
ATE US (oral)	5.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	100.00 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.50 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	215.9 - 1140 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.01 mg/l/4h
Beryllium (7440-41-7)	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1140 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	25 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 30 min)
ATE US (vapors)	25.00 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h
Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	15 mg/kg
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.50 mg/l/4h
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2500 ppm/1h

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ATE US (gases)	1,250.00 ppmV/4h
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
IARC Group	2B
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
Lead (7439-92-1)	
IARC Group	2A
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)	
IARC Group	3
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
IARC Group	2B
Beryllium (7440-41-7)	
IARC Group	1
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
IARC Group	1
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
IARC Group	1
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
IARC Group	3
Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
LOAEL (oral,rat)	5 mg/kg body weight
LOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit)	300 mg/kg body weight

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity No additional information available

Copper (7440-50-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	<= 0.0068 (0.0068 - 0.0156) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	0.0426 (0.0426 - 0.0535) mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.031 (0.031 - 0.054) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	780 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.122 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	0.026 mg/l (Species: Jordanella floridae)
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	13 (13 - 200) µg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	1.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.174 (0.174 - 0.311) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
Lead (7439-92-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])

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EC50 Daphnia 1	600 µg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC 50 Fish 2	1.17 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
NOEC chronic fish	3.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96h; Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.003 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.0244 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.006 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])

Persistence and Degradability

Copper/Copper Alloys	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Copper/Copper Alloys	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)

12.4. Mobility in Soil Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Treatment Methods: Recycle product or dispose properly.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- | | | |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 14.1. | In Accordance with DOT | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.2. | In Accordance with IMDG | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.3. | In Accordance with IATA | Not regulated for transport |
| 14.4. | In Accordance with TDG | Not regulated for transport |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Copper/Copper Alloys	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	

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RQ (Reportable Quantity, Section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 µm)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Lead (7439-92-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (dust or fume only)
Tin (7440-31-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Thallium (7440-28-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Beryllium (7440-41-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
Zirconium (7440-67-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. US State Regulations

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Nickel (7440-02-0)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Lead (7439-92-1)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Female) reproductive harm.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Beryllium (7440-41-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
Copper (7440-50-8)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Lead (7439-92-1)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

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Aluminum (7429-90-5)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Tin (7440-31-5)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Manganese (7439-96-5)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Silicon (7440-21-3)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Thallium (7440-28-0)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Cobalt (7440-48-4)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Beryllium (7440-41-7)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Cadmium (7440-43-9)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Arsenic (7440-38-2)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Zirconium (7440-67-7)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Copper/Copper Alloys	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Lead (7439-92-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid
Tin (7440-31-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

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Manganese (7439-96-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Thallium (7440-28-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Beryllium (7440-41-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Cadmium (7440-43-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Arsenic (7440-38-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material
Zirconium (7440-67-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	

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WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
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This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 12/15/2014
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 1
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 2
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2
Acute Tox. 2 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1B	Respiratory sensitisation Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
Water-react. 2	Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 2
H228	Flammable solid
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed

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H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H340	May cause genetic defects
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

ThyssenKrupp Materials NA, Inc.
22355 W. Eleven Mile Road
Southfield, Michigan 48034
TEL: 248-233-5681

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2