Safety Data Sheet

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### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Carbon Steel Alloy Steel

Synonyms: Alloy #200; Alloy #900; Alloy #STAGCG57; Alloy #342; Alloy #2SA

### **1.2.** Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Cold Drawn Steel Bars.

### 1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Distributor

ThyssenKrupp Materials NA, Inc. 22355 W. Eleven Mile Road Southfield, Michigan 48034 TEL: 248-233-5713

### 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 248-233-5713

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

#### 2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling No labeling applicable

### 2.3. Other Hazards

This product is present in a massive form as an alloy. It does not present the same hazards when the individual components are in their powdered forms. The materials present in this product in their powdered forms present aquatic toxicity to the environment, pyrophoricity, flammability, self-heating capabilities, carcinogenicity, water reactivity, and acute toxicity. When processed or where dust is generated a combustible dust hazard may be present. Avoid generating dust, generating sparks, ignition sources, and take all precautions.

Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Under normal use and handling of the solid form of this material there are few health hazards. Cutting, welding, melting, grinding etc. of these materials will produce dust, fume or particulate containing the component elements of these materials. Exposure to the dust, fume or particulate of these materials may present significant health hazards. Exposure to dust or fume may cause irritation of the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Fine particulates dispersed in air may present an explosion hazard.

### 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Iron	(CAS No) 7439-89-6	97 - 99	Not classified
Nickel	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Skin Sens. 1, H317
		1, 1 - 4	Carc. 2, H351
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Chromium	(CAS No) 7440-47-3	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		1, 1 - 3	
Manganese	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	0.1 - 1, 1 -	Comb. Dust
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Molybdenum	(CAS No) 7439-98-7	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		1, 1 - 2	
Carbon	(CAS No) 7440-44-0	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		1, 1 - 2	
Copper	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		0.5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Silicon	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		0.5	
Tellurium	(CAS No) 13494-80-9	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		0.5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Skin Sens. 1B, H317
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Lead	(CAS No) 7439-92-1	0.15 - 0.35	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Repr. 1A, H360
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Sulfur dioxide	(CAS No) 7446-09-5	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Compressed gas, H280
		0.35	Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331
			Skin Corr. 1B, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
Vanadium pentoxide	(CAS No) 1314-62-1	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Acute Tox. 2 (Oral), H300
		0.25	Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal), H310
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Carc. 2, H351
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Comb. Dust
		0.2	Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Water-react. 2, H261
Bismuth	(CAS No) 7440-69-9	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Not classified
		0.2	
Phosphorus elemental	(CAS No) 7723-14-0	< 0.1	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

More than one of the ranges of concentration prescribed by Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary due to varying composition.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### 4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

**General:** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Keep at rest and in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**Skin Contact:** Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

**Eye Contact:** Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance. Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Welding, cutting, or processing this material may release dust or fumes that are hazardous.

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**Inhalation:** Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

**Skin Contact:** May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

**Eye Contact:** Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more detailed discussion. Manganese : Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of muccus membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon : Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension.

#### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Dry sand; Class D Extinguishing Agent (for metal powder fires).

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water.

#### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: A non-combustible material, not considered flammable but will melt above 1215 °F (657.2 °C).

Explosion Hazard: In molten state: reacts violently with water (moisture).

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of tin. Oxides of nickel. Oxides of copper. Chromium oxides. Oxides of silicone and carbon. Oxides of lead. Oxides of aluminum. Phosphorus oxides.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors from molten product. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe dust, fumes, and vapors.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

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### 6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

### Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. For particulates and dust: Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne during clean-up such as dry sweeping or using compressed air. Use PPE described in Section 8. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up.

#### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May generate flammable/explosive dusts or turnings when brushed, machined or ground. Use care during processing to minimize generation of dust. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Heating of product can release toxic or irritating fumes; ensure proper ventilation is employed, proper precautions are enforced, and applicable regulations are followed. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do NOT eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Water, humidity. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

#### 7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Cold Drawn Steel Bars.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.015 mg/m³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	3.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)

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Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust and fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (metal-inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Copper (7440-50-8)	-	·
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and mist)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and mist)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and mist)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and mist)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust, fume and mist)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and mist)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
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		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable mass)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	30 mppcf
Tellurium (13494-80-9)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador		
	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>2</sup> ) OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories		-
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec Cocketcheven	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Lead (7439-92-1)	-	
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	50 μg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (designated substances regulation)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mexico	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mexico	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	2 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	100 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	VECD (ppm)	5 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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Québec	VEMP (ppm)	2 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	2 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	13 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	5 ppm
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-	62-1)	
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust and fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume or respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust and fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust or fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume and respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (metal dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)

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Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust)
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (yellow)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (yellow)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.02 ppm (yellow)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (yellow)

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses. Dust formation: dust mask. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. With molten material wear thermally protective clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves. Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Respiratory Protection:** Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State	: Solid	
Appearance	: Metallic	
Odor	: Odorless	
Odor Threshold	: Not available	
рН	: Not available	
Evaporation Rate	: Not available	
Melting Point	: 440 - 1215 °F (226.7 - 657.2 °C)	
Freezing Point	: Not available	
Boiling Point	: Not available	
Flash Point	: Not applicable	
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available	
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available	
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Vapor Pressure	: Not available	
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available	
Relative Density	: Not available	
Specific Gravity	: 2.5 - 2.9	
Solubility	: Insoluble in water	
Partition Coefficient: N-octanol/water	: Not available	
Viscosity	: Not available	
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**Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact** : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge

: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Avoid creating or spreading dust. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition.

**10.5. Incompatible Materials:** When molten: water. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Moisture. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

**10.6.** Hazardous Decomposition Products: Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever. Oxides of iron and carbon. Organic acid vapors. Oxides of lead. Chromium (VI) compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of iron oxide fumes undergoing decomposition may cause irritation and flu-like symptoms, otherwise iron oxide is not hazardous. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Chromium: Certain hexavalent chromium compounds have been demonstrated to be carcinogenic on the basis of epidemiological investigations on workers and experimental studies in animals. Increased incidences of respiratory cancer have been found in chromium (VI) workers. There is an increased incidence of lung cancer in industrial workers exposed to chromium (VI) compounds. Please refer to IARC volume 23 for a more detailed discussion. Manganese : Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon : Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension.

# **11.2.** Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s) LD50 and LC50 Data:

Niekel /7440.02.0		
Nickel (7440-02-0) LD50 Oral Rat	> 0000 mg/l/g	
	> 9000 mg/kg	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
LD50 Oral Rat	83 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time: 4 h)	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h	
	1.30 [115/1/ 41]	
Lead (7439-92-1) ATE US (oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h	
	1.50 mg///40	
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5) LC50 Inhalation Rat	2500 ppm/1h	
	1,250.00 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (gases)	1,250.00 ppmv/4n	
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	10 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	50 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	4.29 mg/l/4h	
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3.03 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	100 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	4.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
IARC Group	2B	
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
IARC Group	3	
Lead (7439-92-1)		
IARC Group	2A	
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.	
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
IARC Group	3	
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62-1)		
IARC Group 2B		
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity.	
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
<b>12.1. Toxicity</b> No additional information available		
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
	ng/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)	
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EC50 Daphnia 1	13 (13 - 200) μg/l (Exposure time: 48h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	1.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.174 (0.174 - 0.311) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	[static])
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
NOEC chronic fish	3.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96h; Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Copper (7440-50-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	<= 0.0068 (0.0068 - 0.0156) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	0.0426 (0.0426 - 0.0535) mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella
	subcapitata [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.031 (0.031 - 0.054) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	[static])
Lead (7439-92-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	600 μg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC 50 Fish 2	1.17 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
Persistence and Degradability	
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential	
Carbon Steel Alloy Steel	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
	available
12.5. Other Adverse Effects	
Other Information: Avoid release to th	e environment
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDE	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	Actions
Waste Treatment Methods: Recycle pr	raduct ar dispasa property
	spose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international
regulations.	spose of waste material in accordance with an local, regional, national, and international
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORM	ΛΑΤΙΟΝ
14.1. In Accordance with DOT	
14.1. In Accordance with DOT 14.2. In Accordance with IMDO	Not regulated for transport
14.3. In Accordance with IATA	5
14.4. In Accordance with TDG	Not regulated for transport
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFOR	RMATION
15.1. US Federal Regulations	

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Carbon Steel Alloy Steel

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### Iron (7439-89-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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Nickel (7440-02-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
RQ (Reportable Quantity, Section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 μm)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Chromium (7440-47-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Carbon (7440-44-0)	· ·
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
	, inventory
Copper (7440-50-8)	Vinventory
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act Listed on United States SARA Section 313	j inventory
	1.0.0/
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Tellurium (13494-80-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Lead (7439-92-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	≤ 10000
Bismuth (7440-69-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (dust or fume only)
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)	•
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	) inventory
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 (This material is a reactive solid. The TPQ does not default to
	10000 pounds for non-powder, non-molten, non-solution form)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 % (yellow or white)
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### 15.2. US State Regulations

15.2. US State Regulations	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Lead (7439-92-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Female) reproductive harm.
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Haza	ird List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous S	ubstances
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Haza	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous S	ubstances
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Haza	ird List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Copper (7440-50-8)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

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Tellurium (13494-80-9)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Lead (7439-92-1)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62-1)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Aluminum (7429-90-5)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### 15.3. Canadian Regulations

Carbon Steel Alloy Steel		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Iron (7439-89-6)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	omestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
IDL Concentration 0.1 %		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		

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IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	,
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Carbon (7440-44-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Tellurium (13494-80-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Lead (7439-92-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	omestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ing	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
	Class E - Corrosive Material
Vanadium pentoxide (1314-62	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Bismuth (7440-69-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Do WHMIS Classification	omestic Substances List) Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

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Aluminum (7429-90-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material
	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid
Phosphorus elemental (772	3-14-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class E - Corrosive Material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

: 12/15/2014

**Other Information** 

- : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases**:

Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 1
Acute Tox. 2 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
(Inhalation:dust,mist)	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 4
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization Category 1B
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
Water-react. 2	Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 2
H228	Flammable solid
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H301	Toxic if swallowed

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H302	Harmful if swallowed
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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