# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Flammable Gas Mixture: Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Carbonyl

Sulfide / Methane

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Flammable Gas Mixture: Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Carbon Monoxide / Carbonyl Sulfide /

Methane

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product use

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

SDS#

: 014275

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms









Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May form explosive mixtures in Air.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Asphyxiating even with adequate oxygen.

Harmful if inhaled.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

General

: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Do not depend on odor to detect presence of gas. Approach

suspected leak area with caution.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### Prevention

: Never Put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe gas. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

#### Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### Storage

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

: In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

#### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS** number

: Not applicable.

Product code

: 014275

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
methane	0.0001 - 99	74-82-8
Argon	25 - 88	7440-37-1
carbon monoxide	10 - 70	630-08-0
Carbon Dioxide	0.0001 - 1.99	124-38-9
carbonyl sulphide	0.0001 - 0.9999	463-58-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

> shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention, Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eve contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

: Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation

Skin contact : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eve contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been indested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hydiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ingredient name carbon monoxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).  TWA: 29 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).  CEIL: 229 mg/m³  CEIL: 200 ppm  TWA: 40 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 35 ppm 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).  TWA: 55 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 229 mg/m³ CEIL: 200 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 35 ppm 8 hours.

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields,

### Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state

: Gas.

Color

: Not available.

Melting/freezing point

: -187.6°C (-305.7°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: methane.

Weighted average: -194.68°C (-318.4°F)

Critical temperature

: Lowest known value: -140.15°C (-220.3°F) (carbon monoxide).

Odor

: Not available.

Odor threshold

: Not available. : Not available.

Flash point

Ha

: Not available.

riasii point

: Not available. : Not applicable.

Burning time
Burning rate

: Not applicable.

Evaporation rate

: Not applicable: Not available.

Liaporationiate

: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive

: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Highest known value: 1.66 (Air = 1) (argon). Weighted average: 1.07 (Air = 1)

Gas Density (lb/ft 3)

: Weighted average: 0.12

Relative density

: Not applicable.

Solubility

: Not available.

Solubility in water

: Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

**Decomposition temperature**: Not available.

: Not available.

SADT

. Not available.

Viscosity

: Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatibility with various substances

: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

Hazardous polymerization

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbon monoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3760 ppm	1 hours

### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
carbon monoxide	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity Teratogenicity

: May damage the unborn child.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Developmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: May damage fertility.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

, ,	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (methane, carbon monoxide)				

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## Section 14. Transport information

Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 10001 lbs / 4540.5 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125  ERAP Index 3000  Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden	•		-

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: methane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
carbon monoxide	10 - 70	Yes.	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

### State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: METHANE; ARGON; CARBON MONOXIDE;

CARBON DIOXIDE

**New York** 

: None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** 

: The following components are listed: METHANE; ARGON; CARBON MONOXIDE;

CARBON DIOXIDE: CARBONIC ACID GAS

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: METHANE; ARGON; CARBON MONOXIDE;

**CARBON DIOXIDE** 

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive		Maximum acceptable dosage level
carbon monoxide	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

### Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

I Chemicals

s : Not listed

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

: Not listed

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons

**Convention List Schedule** 

: Not listed

III Chemicals

### Canada

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Methane: Carbon

dioxide

**Canadian ARET**: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds;

Carbon monoxide

Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

### Section 16. Other information

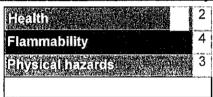
Canada Label requirements : Class A. Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program, HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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### Section 16. Other information

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United NationsACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Hygienists

AIHA - American Industrial Hygiene Association

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

(EPA)

CFR - United States Code of Federal Regulations

CPR – Controlled Products Regulations DSL – Domestic Substances List

GWP - Global Warming Potential

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organisation

Inh - Inhalation

LC – Lethal concentration LD – Lethal dosage

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substances List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

WEEL - Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

WHMIS - Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

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References

: Not available.

 $\overline{\mathbb{Z}}$  Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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